

Prototype of a Microsurgical Tool Tracker

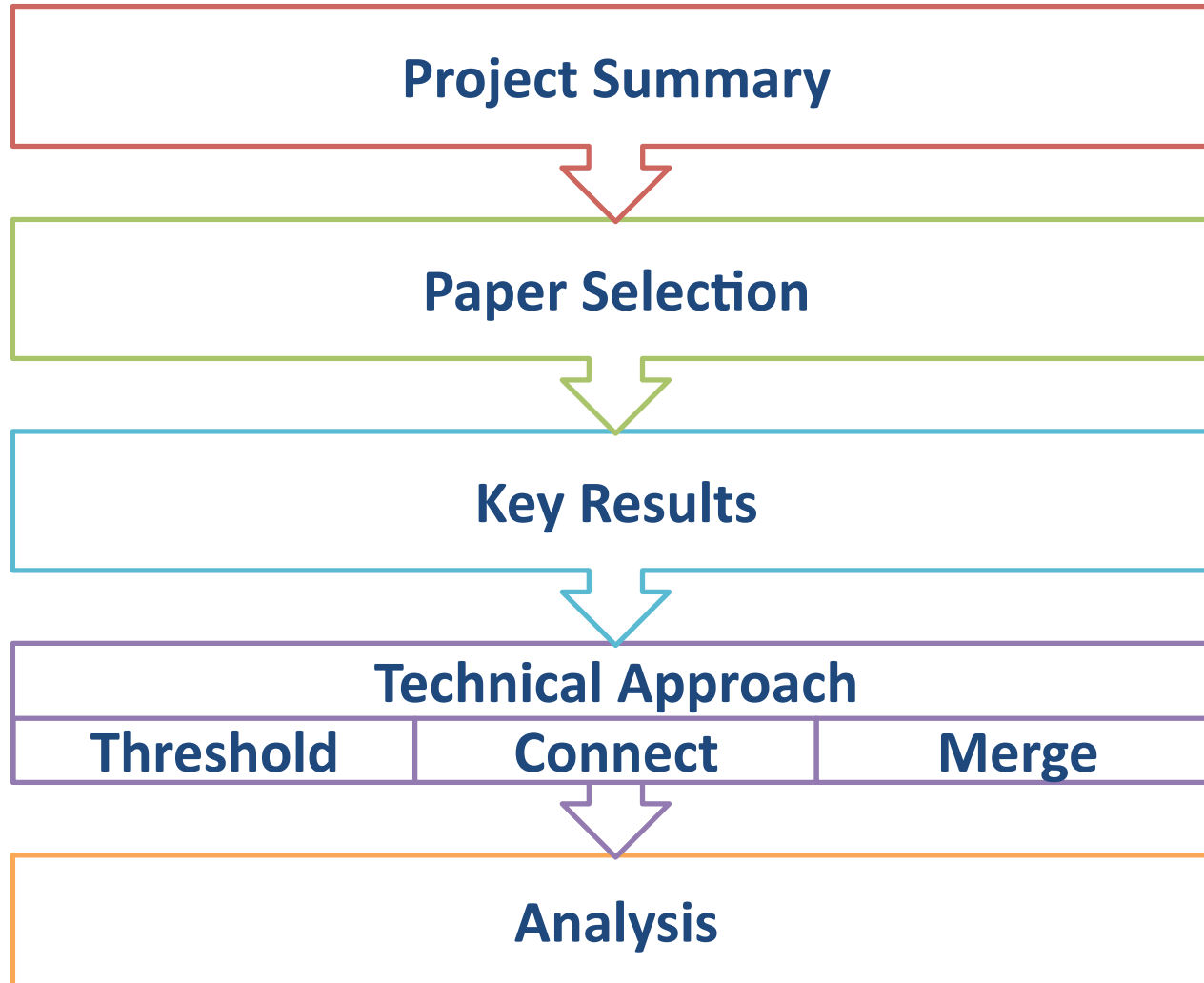
Team 5

Students: Sue Kulason, Yejin Kim

Mentors: Marcin Balicki, Balazs Vagvolgyi, Russell Taylor

600.466 Advanced Computer-Integrated Surgery

Outline





Project Summary

- Problem: A need for tool tracker in eye surgery
 - Monitor surgical protocol
 - Assess surgical performance
 - Improve surgical safety
- Project Goal: Micro-Surgical Tool Tracker
 - Build a prototype of a goggle
 - Provide positional feedback

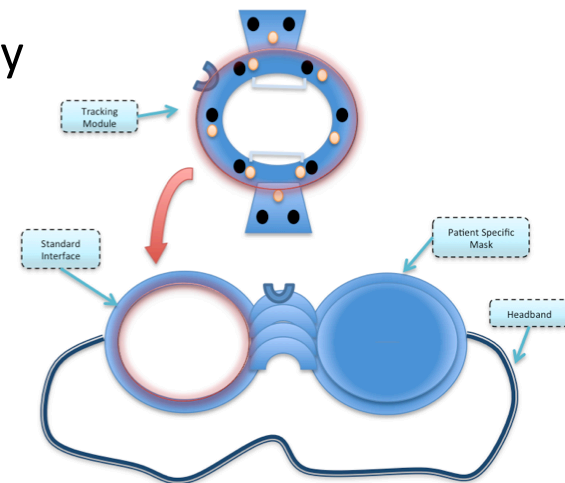


Figure 1. Idea proposed by Marcin Balicki

Project Summary

Paper Selection

Key Results

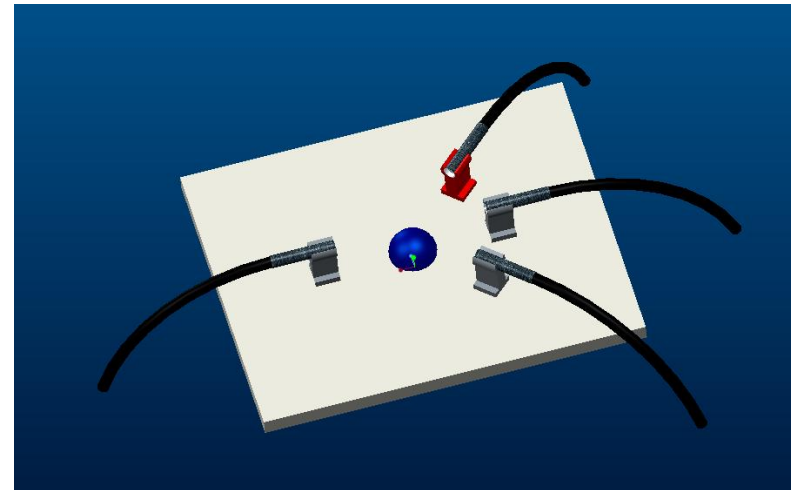
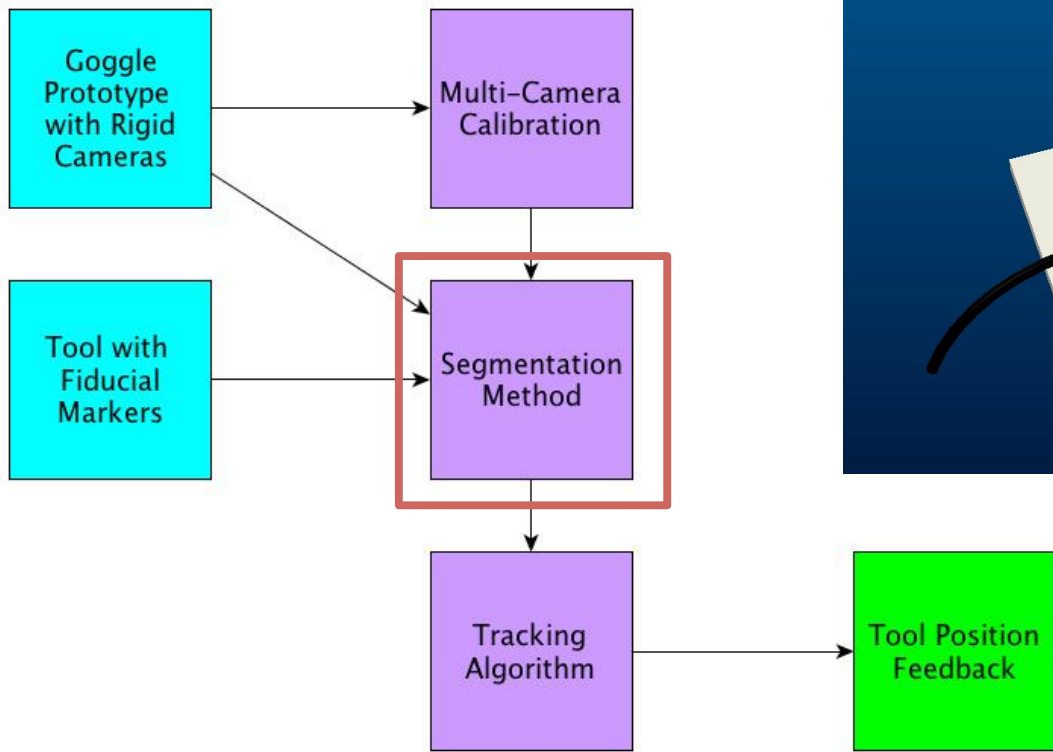
Technical Approach

Analysis



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Project Summary



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Paper Selection

Title: Fast Inexpensive Color Segmentation for Interactive Robots

Authors: James Bruce, Tucker Balch, Manuela Veloso

Published: IEEE International Conference Intelligent Robots and Systems, 2000

Relevance to Project	
Color segmentation	✓
Fast (real-time)	✓
Computationally inexpensive	✓
No special equipment	✓
Easy to implement	△
Robust	△

Key Results

Problem:

- Real-time segmentation relies on specialized equipment

Solution:

- Utilize algorithmic efficiency
- Track 32 colors at 30 Hz

Importance:

- Make real-time segmentation affordable and accessible
- Doesn't sacrifice accuracy for efficiency
- Various computer vision applications

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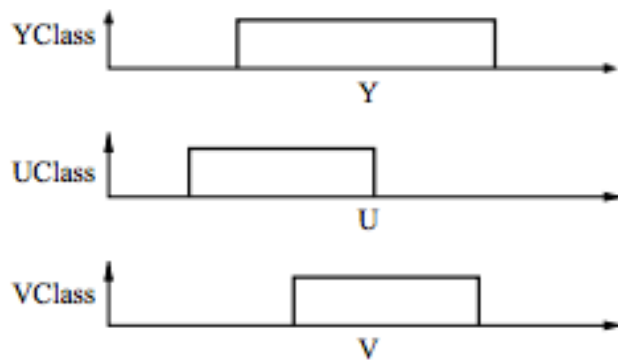
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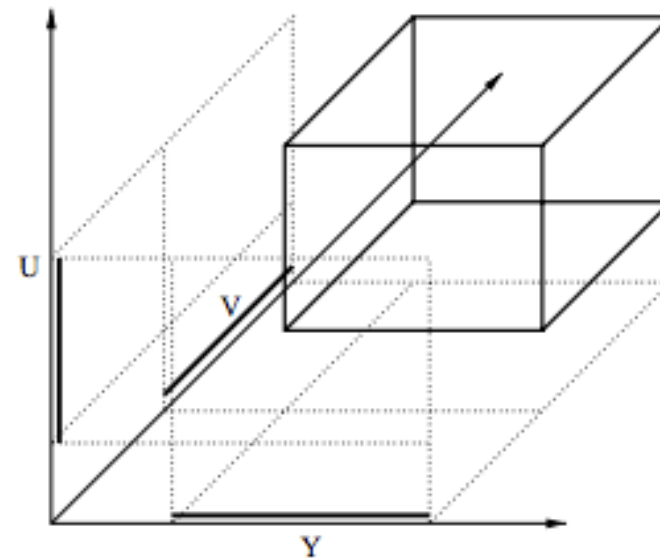


Step 1: Color Threshold

- Extract YUV matrices
- **Why?** Robust against luminance



Binary Signal Decomposition of Threshold



Visualization as Threshold in Full Color Space

Figure from Bruce et al.

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Technical Approach

Step 1: Color Threshold

- Classify pixel color with logical AND gates
- **Why?** 2 operations rather than 192

$$\text{Pixel_in_class} = \text{YClass}[Y] \text{ AND } \text{UClass}[U] \text{ AND } \text{VClass}[V]$$

$$\text{YClass}[Y] = \{0,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1\}$$

$$\text{UClass}[U] = \{1,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\}$$

$$\text{VClass}[V] = \{0,0,0,1,1,1,0,0,0,0\}$$

$$\text{YClass}[Y] = \{00,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11\}$$

$$\text{UClass}[U] = \{01,01,01,00,00,00,00,10,10,10\}$$

$$\text{VClass}[V] = \{00,00,00,01,01,01,00,10,10,10\}$$



Figure from Bruce et al.



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Step 2: Connect Components

- 2 runs of a tree-based union
 - **Why?** Linear time bound
- (1) Scan row for adjacent pixels of the same color
 - (2) Create disjoint forest of 'runs' with identifier for parent node
 - (3) Scan runs for four-connectedness
 - (4) Point each run's parent node to global parent
 - (5) Run second pass to compress path

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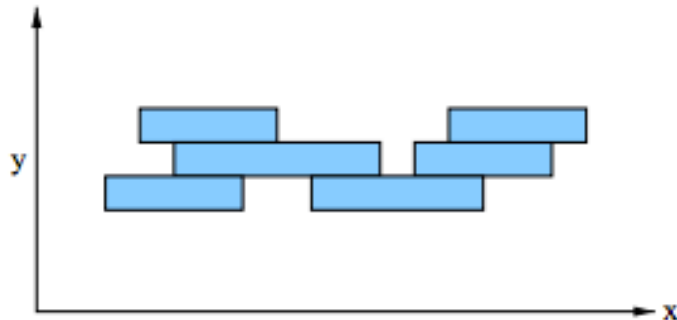


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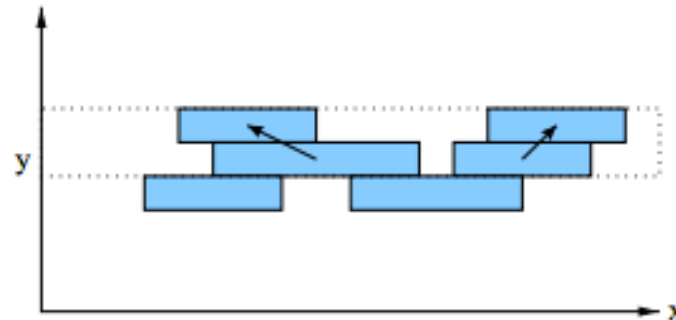
Technical Approach



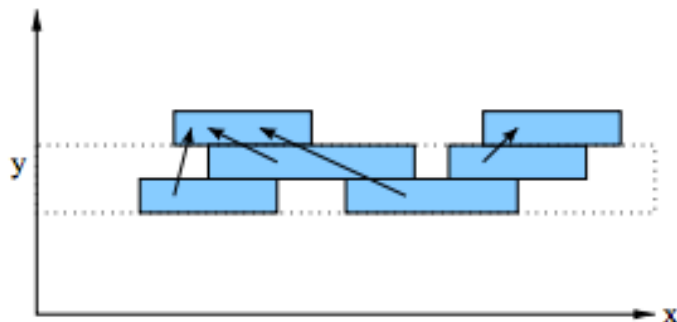
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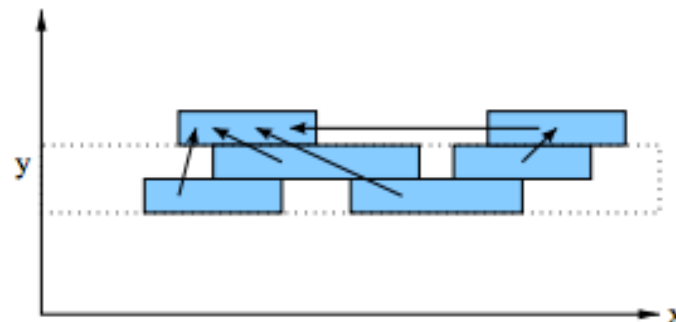
1: Runs start as a fully disjoint forest



2: Scanning adjacent lines, neighbors are merged



3: New parent assignments are to the furthest parent



4: If overlap is detected, latter parent is updated

Figure from Bruce et al.

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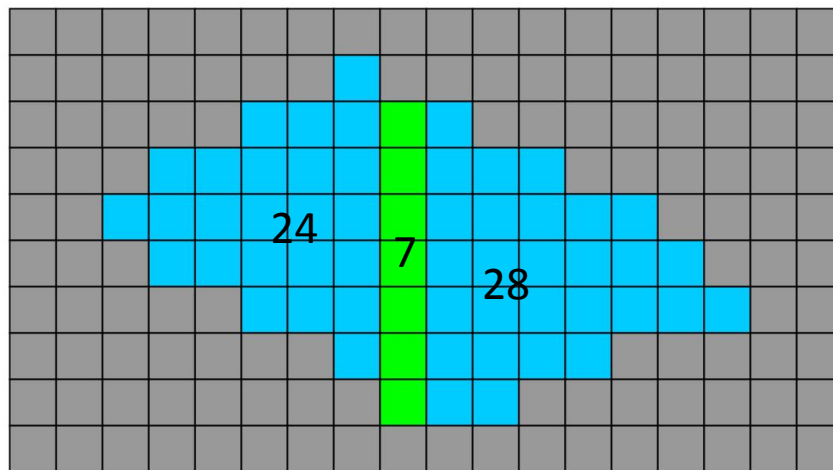
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Step 3: Density-based Merging

- Merge similar objects based on a grouping force threshold
- **Why?** Account for bottom up region generation error and occlusion



Steps:

- Find pairs of components
- Merge
- Calculate density
- Check against threshold

$$\frac{\text{blue}}{\text{blue} + \text{green}} = .88$$

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Analysis

Significance

Color segmentation

Fast (real-time)

Computationally inexpensive

Cheap

No special equipment

Robust to luminance

Changes for our Project

Capture in RGB

Transform to YUV

No density-merging

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Analysis

Tested Applications:

- Robotics Eye Platform
- RoboCup-99 Robot

Improvements/Future Directions

Applications beyond robot-soccer

Analysis of accuracy of blob detection

Description of hardware set-up

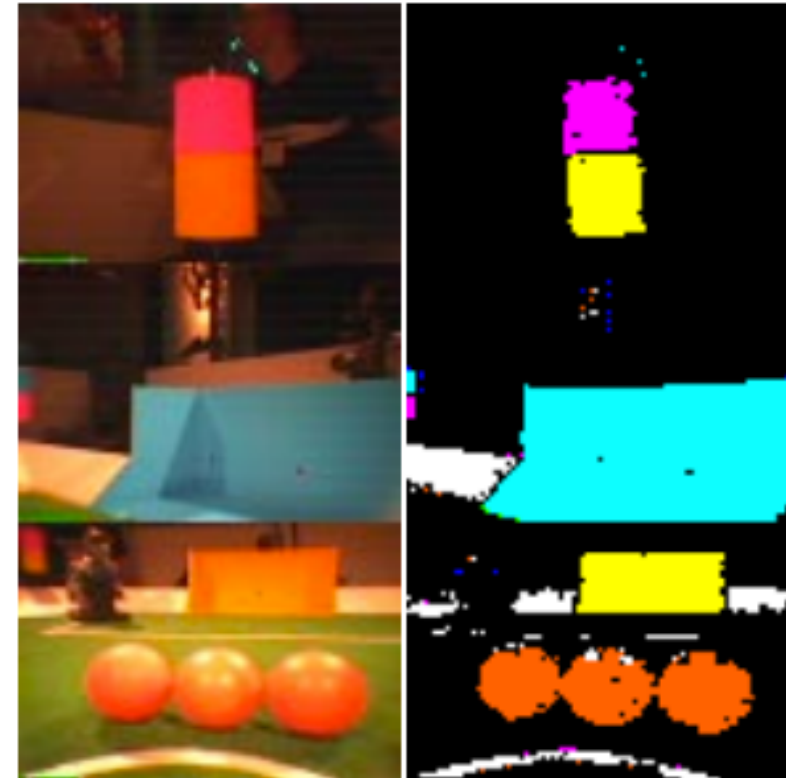


Figure from Bruce et al.

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Bibliography

Paper Reviewed:

J. Bruce, T. Balch, and M. Veloso, “Fast and inexpensive color image segmentation for interactive robots,” in Proc. IEEE Intl. Conf. Intell. Robot. Syst., 2000, pp. 2061–2066.

Clinical Background:

J. D. Pitcher, J. T. Wilson, S. D. Schwartz, and J. Hubschman, “Robotic Eye Surgery: Past, Present, and Future,” J Comput Sci Syst Biol, pp. 1–4, 2012.

Neily, Mills, et al. "Incorrect Surgical Procedures Within and Outside of the Operating Room." Archives of Surgery 16 Nov. 2009: Vol. 144, No.11:1028-1034. Web. 12 Feb. 2013

Questions?

QUESTIONS