



Project Checkpoint Presentation

Metal Artifact Removal in C-arm Cone-Beam CT

Group 4

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Mission

- Construction of various brain phantoms simulating endovascular treatment of aneurysms.
- Phantom CT image acquisition.
- Quantitative data analysis and assessment of (a) image quality and (b) metal artifact removal algorithm accuracy.





Clinical Relevance & Significance

Phantoms will simulate aneurysm treatment by 3 interventional radiography procedures: stent-assisted coiling, clipping and use of liquid embolic system.



Image from hopkinsmedicine.org

Optimizing and quantifying image quality will ensure a safer, more accurate use of CT imaging in the surgical environment.





Original Plan: Project Stages

First Stage (minimum deliverables)

- Construction of phantom containing metals spheres
- Obtain images in Bench CT System (I-Star lab) and Zeego (C-arm CT)
- Data Analysis of image quality and MAR algorithm

Second Stage (expected deliverables)

- Construction of phantom containing coils and/or clips
- Obtain images in Bench CT System (I-Star lab) and Zeego (C-arm CT)
- Data Analysis of image quality and MAR algorithm

Third Stage (maximum deliverables)

- Construction of phantom containing liquid embolic system (ONYX)
- Obtain images in Bench CT System (I-Star lab) and Zeego (C-arm CT)
- Data Analysis of image quality and MAR algorithm





Original Plan: Additional Maximum Deliverables

Image Acquisition

 Writing algorithm capable of transferring data between the Imaging Bench and the Zeego console.

MAR Algorithm

Suggest and implement algorithm improvements

Data Analysis: MAR Segmentation Accuracy

Segmentation algorithm improvement and suggestions





Adjusted Plan: Major Changes

- We have separated the second stage. There will now be four stages: (1) phantom with metal spheres, (2) phantom with coils & stents, (3) phantom with a clip and (4) phantom with liquid embolus.
- Image acquisition in the bench is not necessary. MAR can only be applied in Zeego workstation.
- We do not have access to MAR algorithm, therefore, improvements in the algorithms are no longer possible.



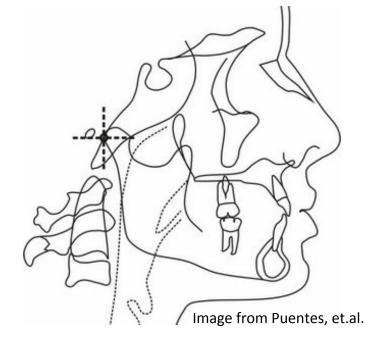


Completed Progress

Construction and Image acquisition of first stage phantom:

Number of spheres	Material of metal spheres	Simulated metal object	Diameter (mm)
3	Titanium	Clips / nitinol stents	3.174, 6.35 and 12.7
3	316 Stainless Steel	Coils	3.174, 6.35 and 12.7
3	Tungsten Carbide	Platinum coils	3.174, 6.35 and 12.7

➤ A total of 9 metal spheres with varying materials and diameters were places near the clivus individually and in various twosphere configurations.

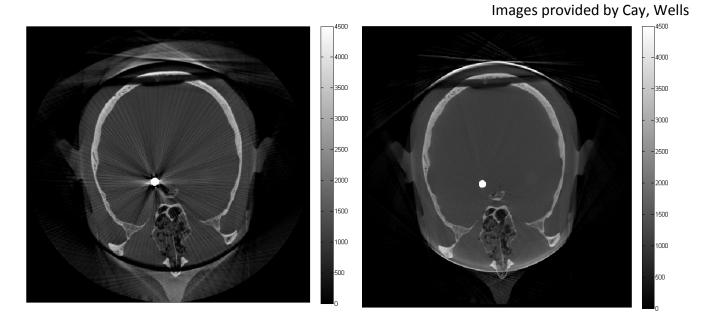






Completed Progress

MAR algorithm application of first stage phantom:



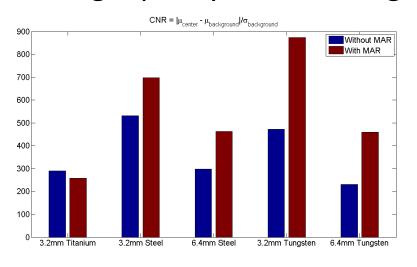
6.35 mm tungsten carbide sphere CT image before and after MAR algorithm application.





In-Progress

Image quality and MAR algorithm analysis:



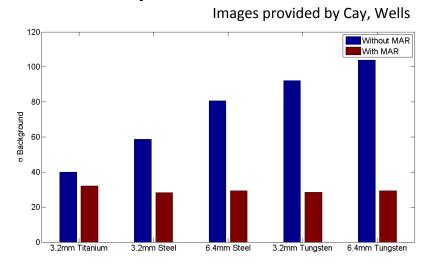


Image Quality: Contrast-to-noise of various spheres MAR analysis: background noise before and after MAR correction





In-Progress

Construction of second stage phantoms :



Cylinder phantom that contains varying iodine concentrations.



Aneurysm vessel model and simulated blood clots.





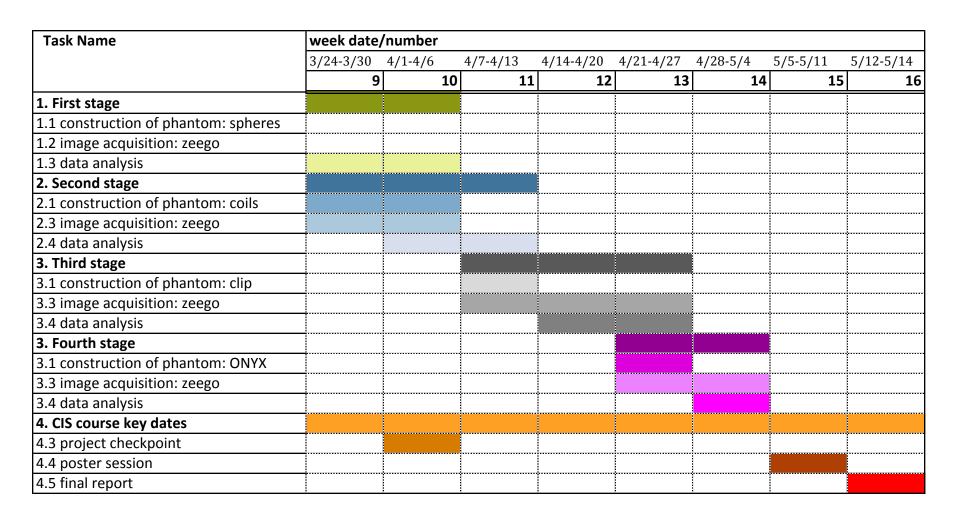
Original Schedule







Adjusted Schedule







Unplanned Dependencies

- Zeego C-arm was not calibrated. This introduced geometric artifacts in image. Had to be re-calibrated and images reconstructed.
- MAR algorithm application license expired, and algorithm implementation problems.
- Coiling, Clipping and ONYX procedures will each claim a vessel model.
- Heavily dependent on time with Dr. Radvany instead of Zeego.



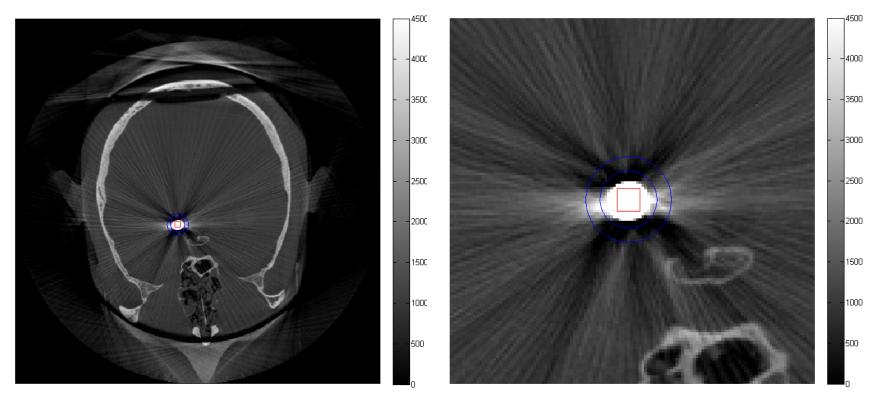
Thank you

Questions?





ROI selection in 6.35 mm steel sphere



Images provided by Cay, Wells