

Force-Controlled Velocity for Robotic Hip Surgery

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Project #10: Seminar Presentation

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Project Background

- Robone: robotic hip surgery robot for bone milling
- Utilize Kuka robot arm's torque sensors for 2 applica
 - Vary cutting speed based on force on tool tip
 - Null space compliance



Team Members:

Kevin Yee

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Mentors:

Andrew Hundt

Dr. Peter Kazanzides



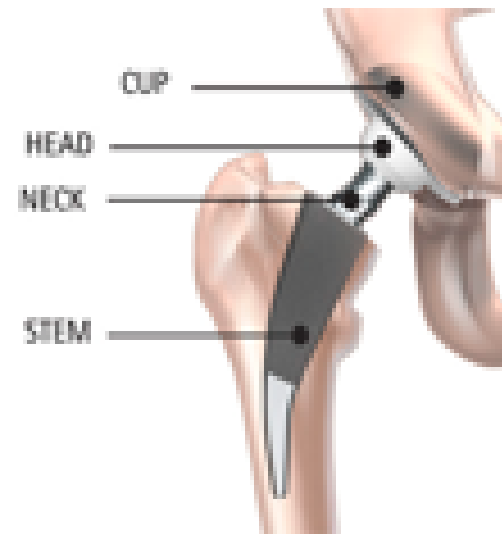
Paper Selection

J. Zuhars and T. C. Hsia, "Nonhomogeneous material milling using a robot manipulator with force controlled velocity," *Robotics and Automation, 1995. Proceedings., 1995 IEEE International Conference on*, Nagoya, 1995, pp. 1461-1467 vol.2.



Summary of Problem

- Bone density nonhomogeneous
- Effects of tool chattering
- Surgery duration



Goals

- Develop suitable model for tool force to cutting speed
- System verification
 - Uncuttable object
 - Variable drag profile



Implementation

- Manipulation time and position in classical kinematics equations

$$P(t) = P_0 + V_0(t - t_i) + \frac{1}{2} A (t - t_i)^2$$

- Adjusted time using delay function

$$T = t - D(t, F(t))$$



Delay Function Constraints

$$0 < \frac{d}{dt} D(t, F(t)) < 1$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} D(t, F(t)) = e^{-R (MaxForce - F(t))}$$



Position Model Function

$D(t, F(t)) =$

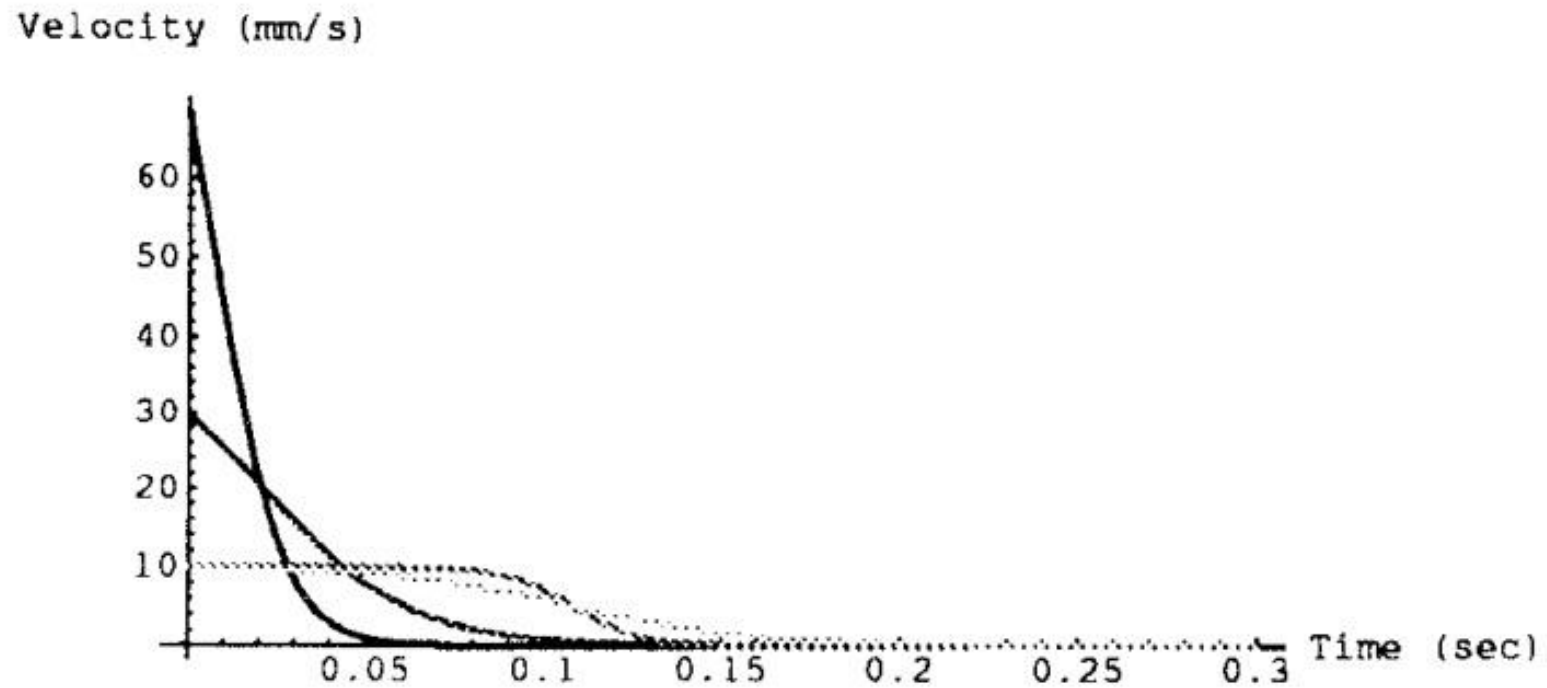
$$\int e^{-R(\text{MaxForce} - Ke^{-K \int \sigma(t)^{-1} dt} \int e^{K \int \sigma(t)^{-1} dt} V(t) dt) dt}$$

Position:

$$P(T) = V_0 (t - D(t, F(t)))$$



Results: Uncuttable Object



Results: Variable Drag Profile

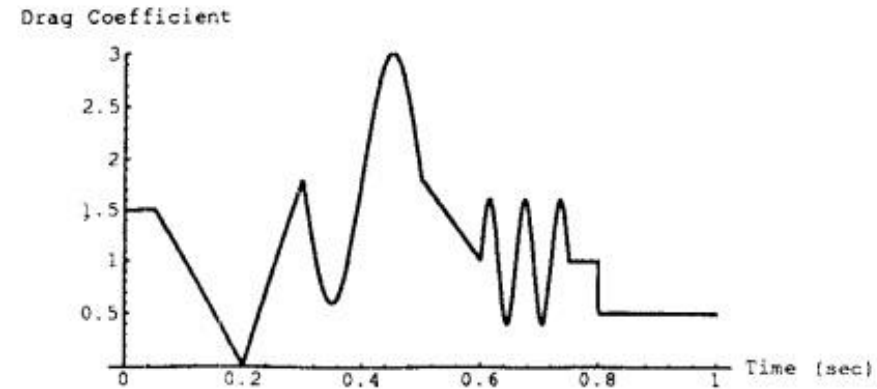
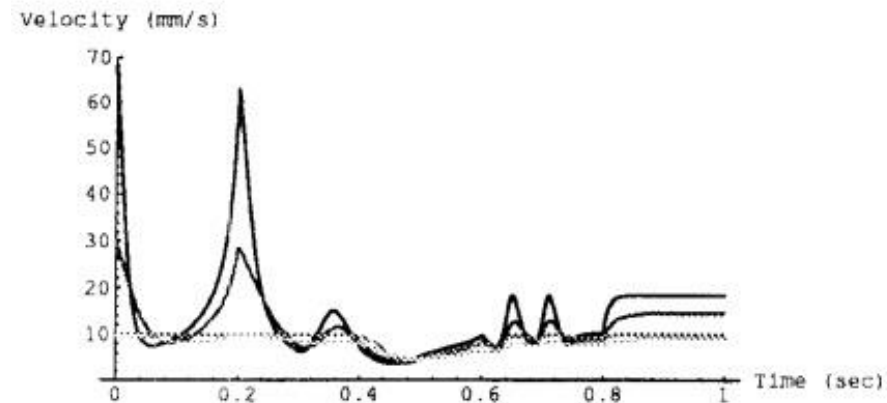


Figure 2: Variable drag profile



Paper Assessment

Pros

- Clear and detailed explanation of how mathematical model was reached

Cons

- Perhaps too dense mathematical explanation
- Poor documentation of test conditions



Questions?

