

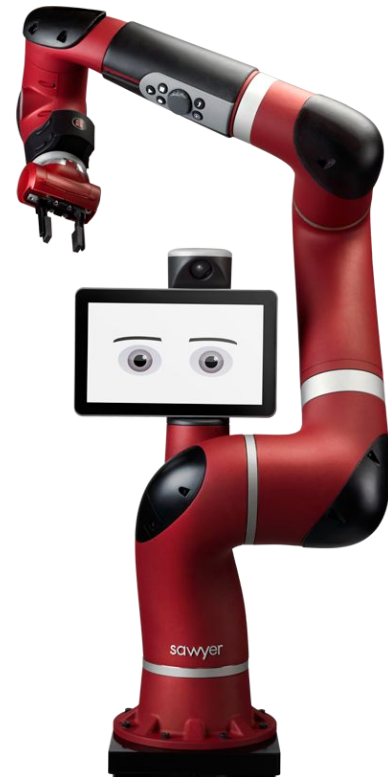
Autonomous Placement of Ultrasound Probe for Spinal Surgeries

Student: Josh Shubert

Mentor: Dr. Muyinatu Bell

Project Goals

- Autonomously place an ultrasound probe onto a patient's spine via robot
- Use this probe placement to intraoperatively track a needle inside vertebrae using photoacoustic imaging (and adjust probe placement using this feedback)



The Plan

1. Calibrate and Register a Kinect v2
2. Develop Human Outline Segmentation
3. Develop IK for robot; demonstrate probe placement
4. Explore Viability of Photoacoustic Imaging in vertebrae
5. Perform Visual Servoing to Track a needle in vertebrae
6. Demonstrate entire system (Placement and Tracking)



Step 1 - Kinect v2

- Kinect v2 will be mounted on top of the sawyer robot
- Camera intrinsic parameters will be determined using camera calibration
- Point cloud - Point cloud registration will then be performed between kinect and robot base
- This will allow the robot to know the 3-D location of any pixel in the kinect depth image

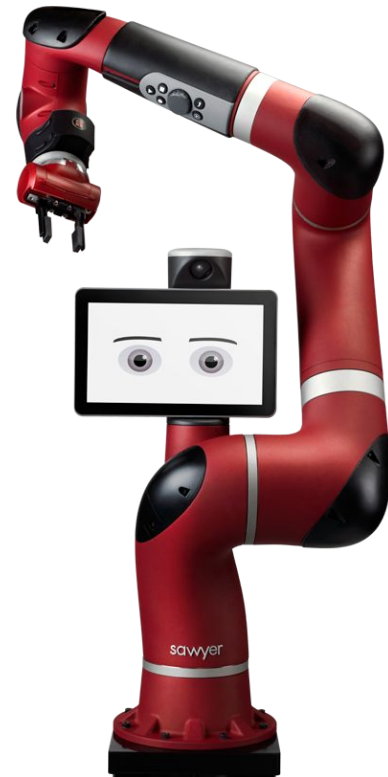
Step 2 - Human Outline Segmentation

- Using kinect depth image, threshold out depth values lower than the depth values of the table the 'patient' is laying on
- Will then perform body part detection on the resulting image as demonstrated by Plagemann et al in "*Real-time Identification and Localization of Body Parts from Depth Images*"



Step 3 - IK and Probe Placement

- Use segmented spine location as destination for Sawyer robot's built in IK routine
- Use force control to ensure a gentle touchdown of the ultrasound probe over the spine



Step 4 - Explore PAI in Spine

- Obtain spine / vertebrae sample
- Test to see if possible to get a signal through vertebrae
- Compare bare fiber signal to fiber-in-needle signal



Step 5 - Visual Servoing

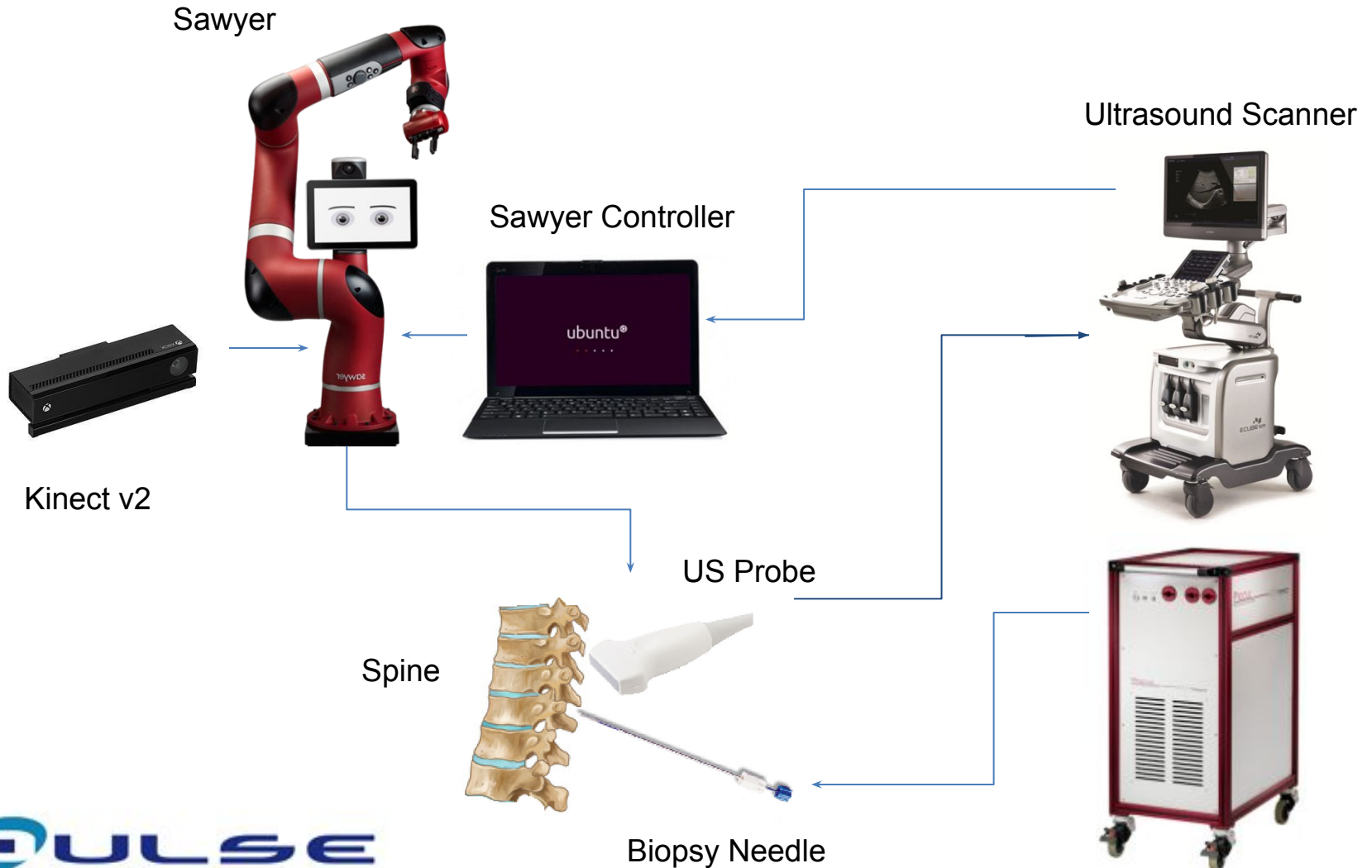
- Use previously developed needle tip segmentation algorithm to segment needle tip location from PA image, and display it overlaid on a ultrasound B-Mode image
- Use segmented coordinates of needle tip to move the ultrasound probe such that it remains centered over the needle tip



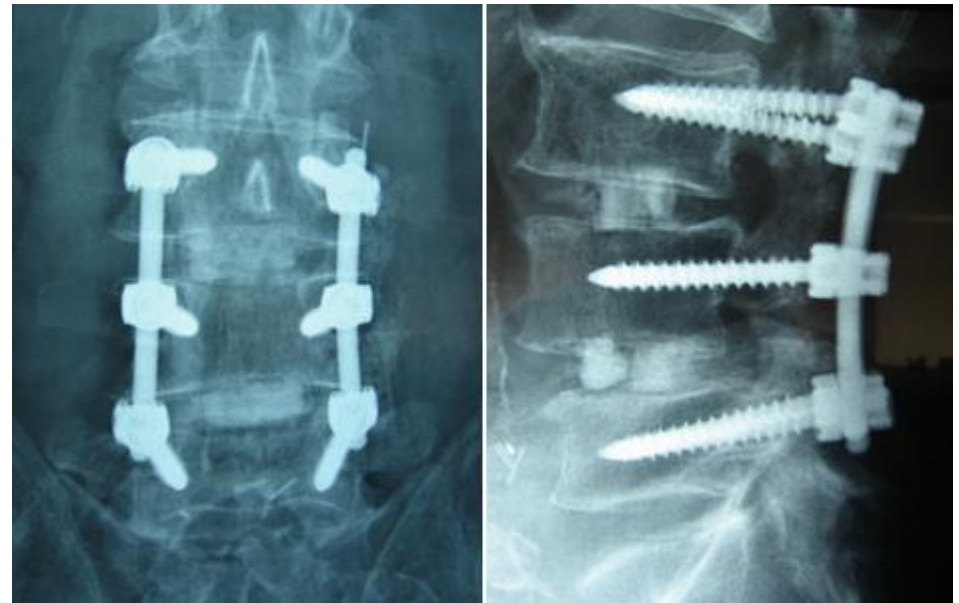
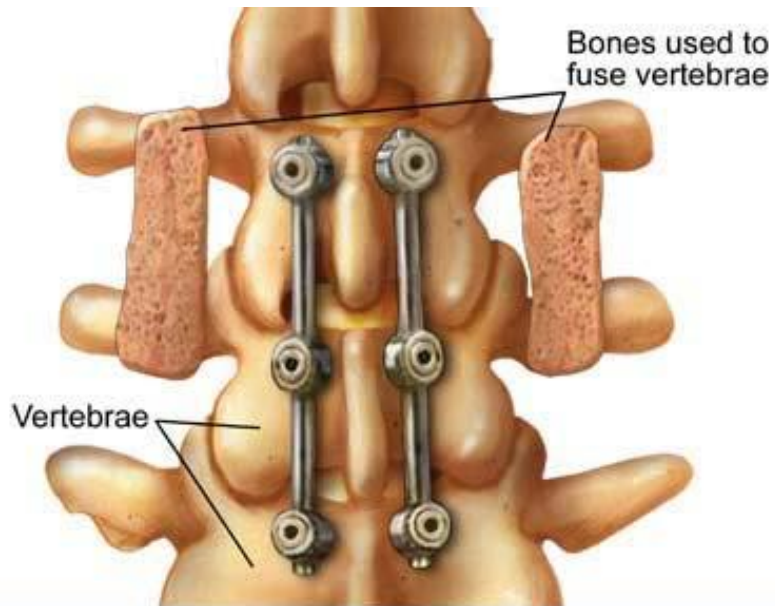
Step 6 - Demonstrate Entire System

- On either a cadaver or a human-shaped spinal phantom, perform in sequence:
 - Initial placement of the probe onto the patient's spine
 - Track the movement of the PA imaged bone biopsy

The plan

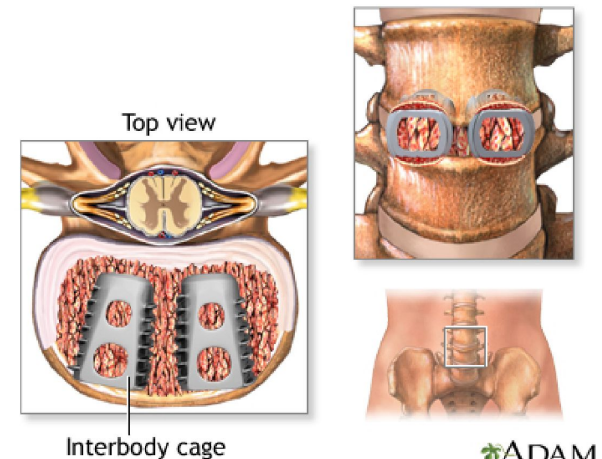


Background – Spinal Fusion



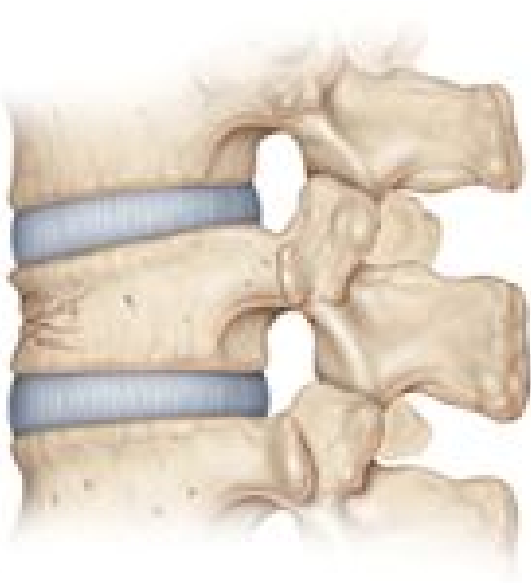
Background – Spinal Fusion

- 150,000 per year
- Bone grafts taken from iliac crest or tibia
- Used to ‘fuse’ two vertebrae together
- Repeated X-rays are taken to verify pedicle screw placement

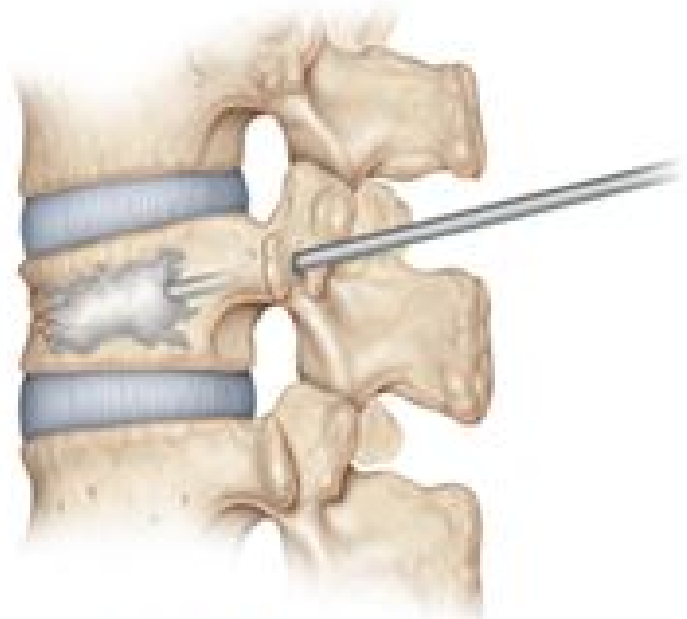


Background - Vertebroplasty

750,000 Vertebral Fractures per year!



Fracture



Cement Injection

Background - Kyphoplasty



Balloon inserted into fractured vertebra



Balloon inflated inside damaged vertebra



Special material injected into fractured vertebra



Special material hardens, stabilizing vertebra

Deliverables

Maximum

- Robot Control Software with:
 - Needle Segmentation
 - Visual Servoing to track needle
 - Visual display of PA image coregistered to Ultrasound in GUI
- Demonstration on Spine Phantom

Expected

- If it is possible to do PA imaging , Images of the needle tip inside the vertebrae (perhaps registered to Ultrasound)
- Results of applying previously developed needle segmentation algorithm to detect needle in PA image
- If not possible, report of what I attempted (laser energies and wavelengths)

Minimum

- Robot Control Software with:
 - Human Shape segmentation
 - Inverse Kinematics for Probe Placement
 - Force Feedback
 - A nice GUI
- Demonstrations of probe placement and segmentation algorithm

Dependencies

Maximum

- Intentionally damaged spine in phantom (Need)

Expected

- A Spine (Need)
- Powerful Laser Source
- Hollow-bore Needle
- Optical Fiber

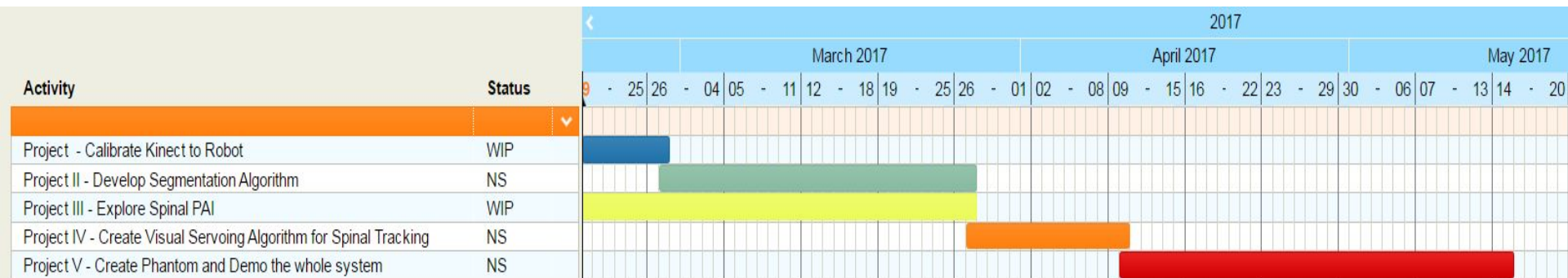
Minimum

- Ultrasound Scanner + (Calibrated!) Probe
- Sawyer Robot
- Kinect v2

Timeline

Feb 20	Kinect Calibration and Registration - Start + Finish / Explore PA in Spine - Start
Feb 27	Human Outline Segmentation - Start / Explore PA in Spine
Mar 6	Human Outline Segmentation / Explore PA in Spine
Mar 13	Human Outline Segmentation - Finish / Explore PA in Spine - Finish
Mar 20	Inverse Kinematics and Probe Placement - Start + Finish
Mar 27	Visual Servoing - Start
Apr 3	Visual Servoing
Apr 10	Visual Servoing
Apr 17	Visual Servoing - Finish
Apr 24	Demonstrate Entire System - Start
May 1	Demonstrate Entire System
May 8	Demonstrate Entire System
May 15	Demonstrate Entire System - Finish

Timeline



References

- B. Karan, *“Calibration of Kinect-type RGB-D Sensors for Robotic Applications”* FME Transactions 2015
- S. Lipson, *“Spinal-Fusion Surgery – Advances and Concerns”* N Engl J Med 2004
- R. Deyo et al, *“Spinal-Fusion Surgery – The Case for Restraint”* N Engl J Med 2004
- R. Buchbinder et al, *“A Randomized Trial of Vertebroplasty for Painful Osteoporotic Vertebral Fractures”* N Engl J Med 2009