

Engineering Research Center for Computer Integrated Surgical Systems and Technology (CISST ERC)



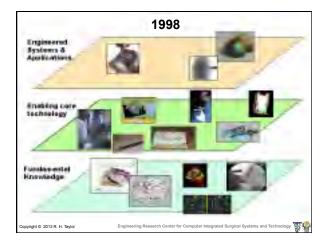
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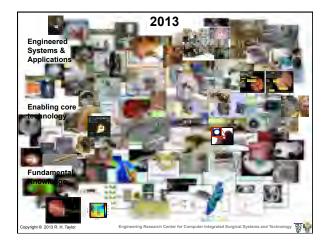
The CISST ERC is developing a family of surgical systems that combine innovative algorithms, robotic devices, imaging systems, sensors, and humanmachine interfaces to work cooperatively with surgeons in the planning and execution of surgical procedures.

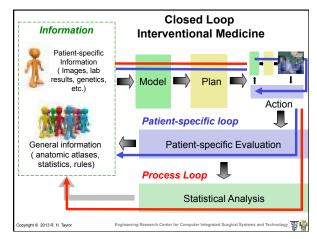
Areas of Research

Robotic surgical assistants
Image-guided interventional systems
Focused interdisciplinary research in algorithms, imaging, robotics, sensors, human-machine systems

Institutions & Funding • Johns Hopkins, MIT, CMU, BWH, Harvard, Penn, Morgan State, Columbia • Years 1-11: NSF = \$32.7M; Total = ~\$64.7M In-kind support = ~\$13.9M



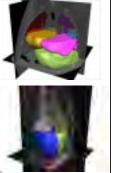




Patient-Specific Models for Interventions

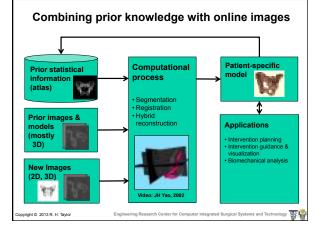
- Computationally efficient
 representation of patient enabling
 computer to assist in planning,
 guidance, control, and assessment
 of interventional procedures
- Generally focus on anatomy, but may sometimes include biology or other annotations
- Predominately derived from medical images and image analysis
- Increasingly reference statistical "atlases" describing patient populations

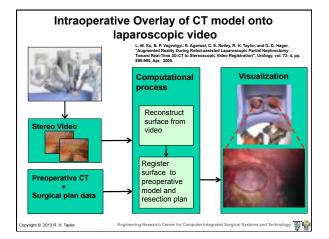
Video: Blake Lucas, "SpringLS...", MICCAI 2011 & subsequent papers Data courtesy of Terry Peters and Eric Ford ght © 2013 R. H. Taylor Engineering Research Center for Computer

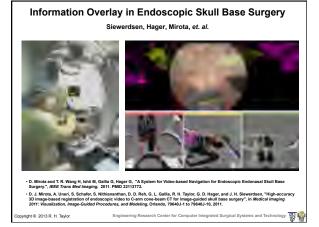


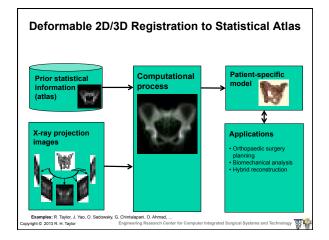
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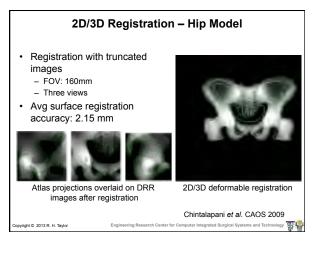
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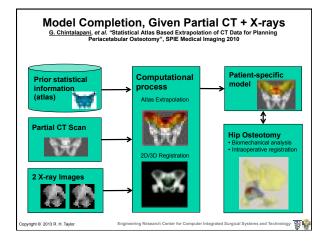


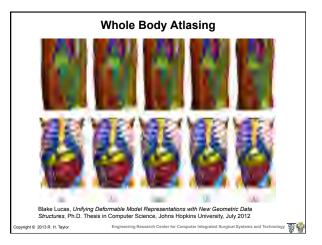












Procedure Planning

- Highly procedure-specific
- · Occurs at many time scales
 - Preoperative
 - Intraoperative
 - Preop. + intraop. update
- Typically based on images or segmented models
- May involve:
 - Optimization
 - Simulations
 - Visualization & HCI



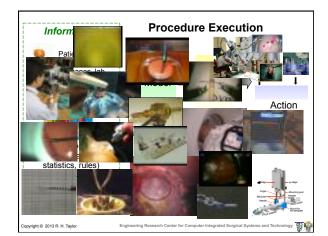
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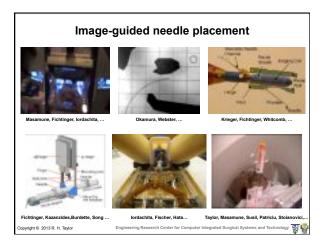
· Typical outputs

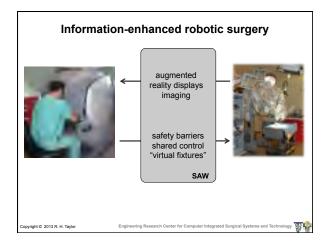
- Target positions (seeds, biopsies, ablation sites, etc.)
- Tool paths
- Desired geometric relationships
- Key-frame visualizations
- Images, models & control parameters
- **Emerging themes**
- Atlas-based planning
- Statistical process control &
- integration of outcomes into plans - Dynamic, interactive replanning

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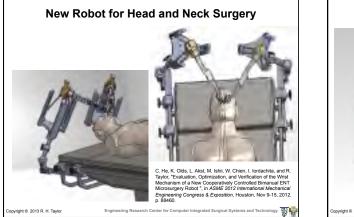


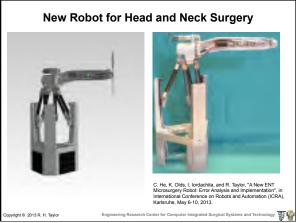






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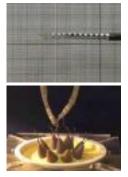




Snake-like robot for minimally invasive surgery

• Goals

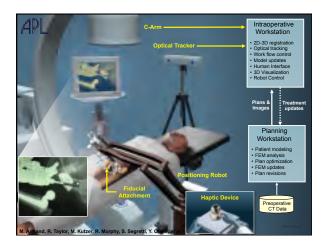
- Develop scalable robotic devices for high dexterity manipulation in confined spaces
- Demonstrate in system for surgery in throat and upper airway
- Approach
- "Snake-like" end effectors with flexible backbones and parallel actuation - Integrate into 2-handed teleoperator
- system with optimization controller
- Status
- Evaluation of prototype ongoing - Licensed to industry partner
- Funding
- NIH R21, CISST ERC, JHU, Columbia
 NIH proposals pending right © 2013 R. H. Taylor

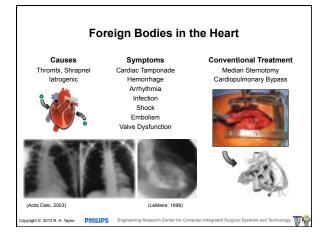


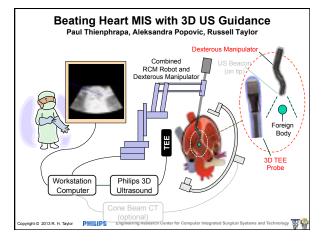
R. Taylor, N. Simaan, et al. **7**

Nabil Simaan (Vanderbilt, Columbia), with P. Allen (Columbia), D. Fowler (Columbia) Single Port Access Surgery evaluation of the potential of single port a chnology finally a ess surgery. Sys new questions about control and telemanipulation infrastructure/cooperative control. yright © 2013 R. H. Taylor ns and Teo **8**4 En ted Surgical Sy

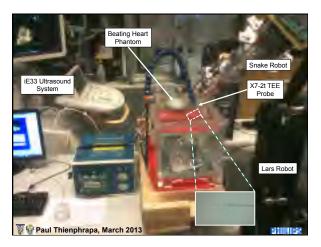


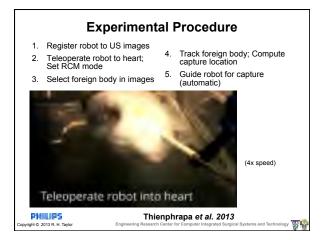




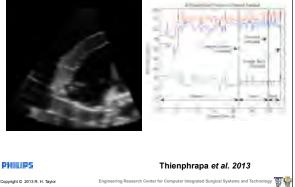








Retrieval Experiment Results



Retrieval Experiment Results · Success criterion: capture Failures within 30 seconds Reason: Motion changed after the capture location computed - Solution: Adaptive retry Spatial probability - Success: 14/17 (82.4%) Large time variance possibly - Observation: 29.6 ± 6.9 sec due to irregular motion - Waiting: 3.7 ± 2.0 sec - Total: 97.7 ± 21.6 sec

Dwell time

- Success: 5/5 (100%) - Observation: 54.3 ± 33.1
- sec
- Waiting: 2.2 ± 1.5 sec
- Total: 124.5 ± 68.4 sec right © 2013 R. H. Taylor

- Times of 2-3 minutes implies potential for improvement
- · Visit frequency not tested

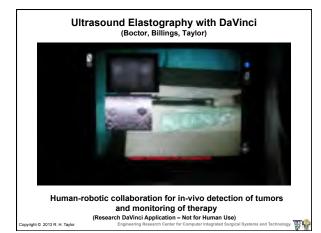
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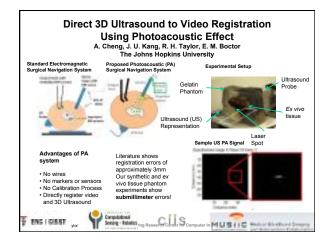
Robotically Assisted Laparoscopic Ultrasound rr, P. Peng, R. Taylor, G. Dachs, C. Hasser, S. Dimaio, and M. Choti, "Robot-au ultrasonography for hepatic surgery", Surgery, Oct 5. (Epub), 2011. NIH STTR between CISST ERC

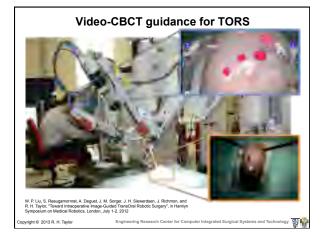
- and Intuitive Surgical Goals
- Develop dexterous laparoscopic ultrasound instrumentation and software interfaces for DaVinci surgical robot
- Produce integrated system for LUSenhanced robotic surgery
- Evaluate effectiveness of prototype system for liver surgery
- Approach
- Custom DaVinci-S LUS tool Software built on JHU/ISI "SAW" interface
- Status

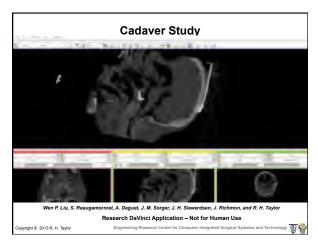
- Evaluation of prototype by surgeons ight © 2013 R. H. Taylor 8

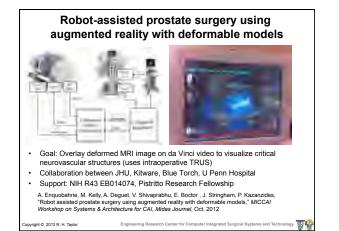






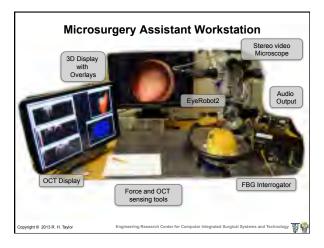


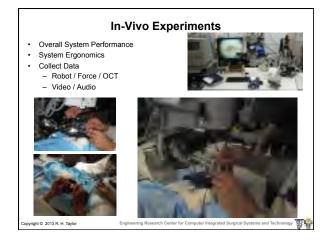




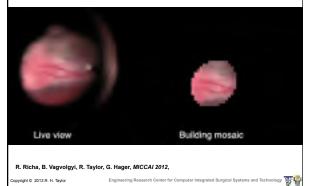


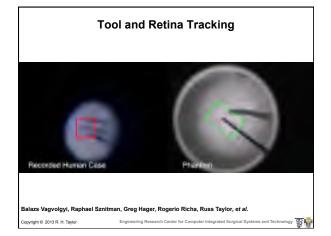






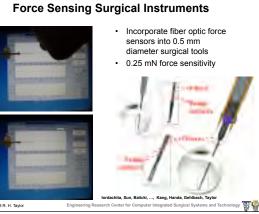
Retina Mosaicking, Annotation, and Registration

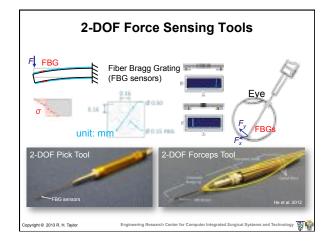


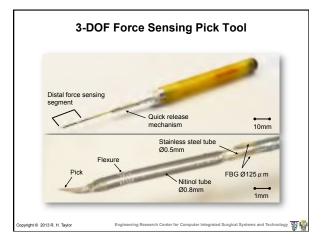


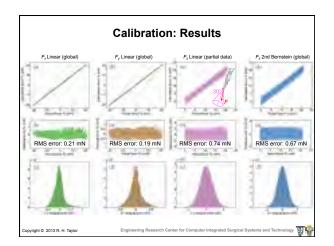


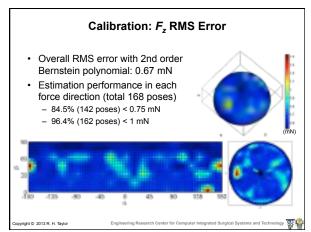


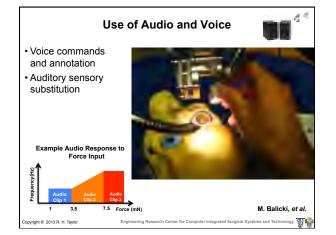


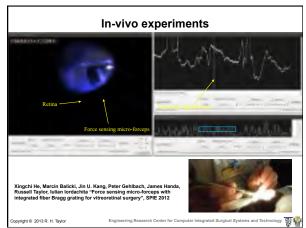


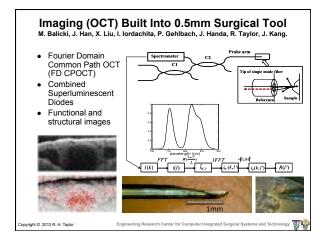




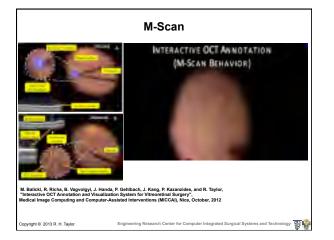


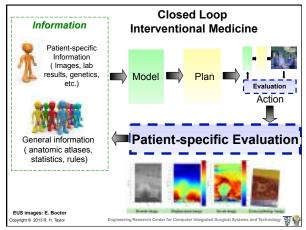


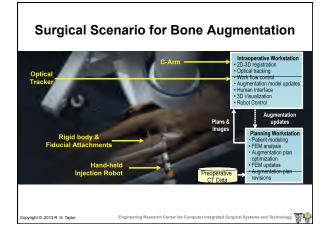


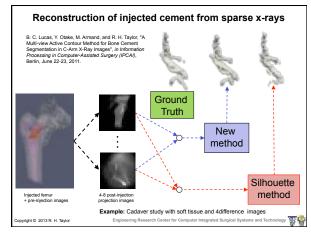


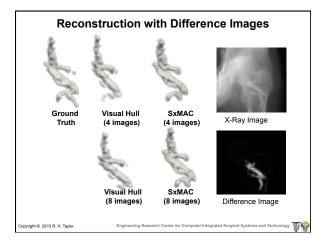


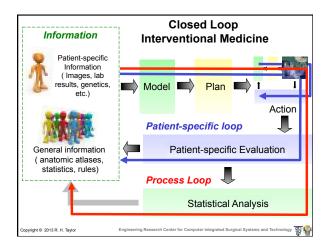


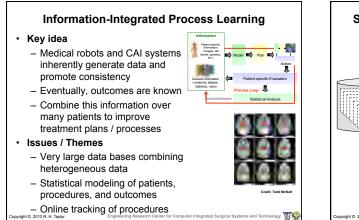


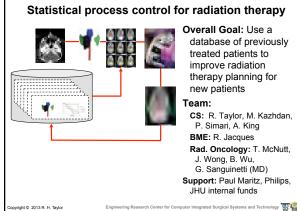


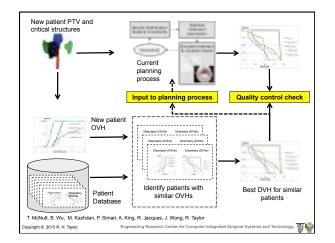


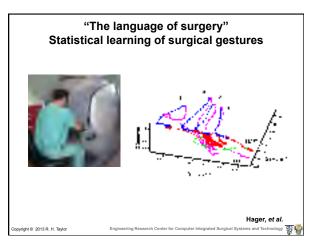


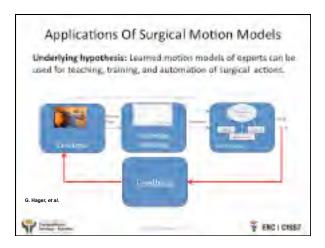


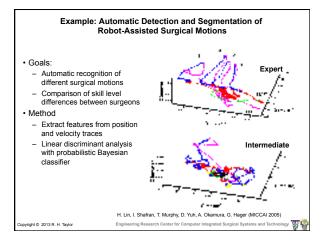


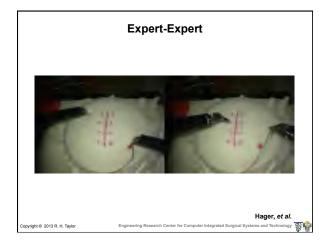


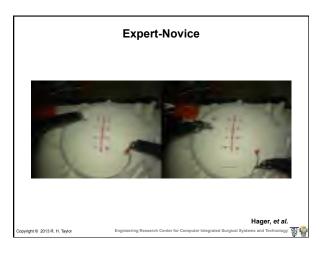




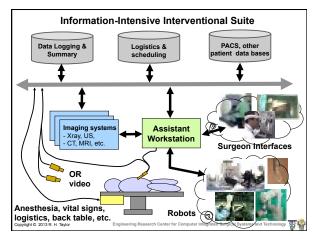














Use case: Da Vinci "Toolkits"

- JHU 2008 Vanderbilt 2013 yright © 2013 R. H. Taylo
- Mechanical components from Da Vinci "classic" systems
 - Donated by Intuitive Surgical to selected university labs
 - Consortium to provide "open source" engineering and support
 - Software JHU (CISST/SAW) Controller electronics –JHU

 - · Controller power/packaging -WPI

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