

Head Mounted Display Integration for Orthopedic Surgery

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State of the Art

- Current orthopedic surgery guidance system requires numerous X-ray images for placing wires and screws
- F. Sauer et al. [1] developed an augmented reality imaging guidance system, which enabled the surgeon to see the tumor inside the patient's body while wearing a HMD
- Christoph Bichlmeier et al. [2] introduced a virtual mirror method that navigated the surgeon during spine surgeries.

Introduction & Motivation

- Approximately 5.3 million orthopedic surgeries in 2010, expected to grow to 6.6 million by 2020
- Current guidance system only provides 2D X-ray images, which is harmful and inefficient
- This work uses camera and markers for tool tracking and displays the tracking data in 3D using a head mounted display (HoloLens).
- The presented method is less time-consuming, more efficient and prevents the frequent use of 2D X-rays

Method

This work introduces a solution to track and visualize both the outside and occluded parts of the surgical tool in an optical-see-through head mounted display. The complete approach can be divided into four main sections:

Needle orientation tracking

The surgical tool is tracked by the front-facing 2-megapixel image/video camera (locatable camera) on HoloLens, as shown

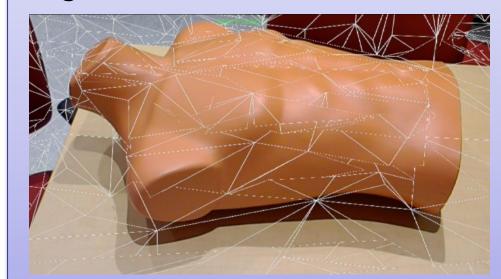
in Figure 1.



Figure 1: Surgical tool (left) and Locatable camera on HoloLens (right)

Outside/occluded needle segments classification

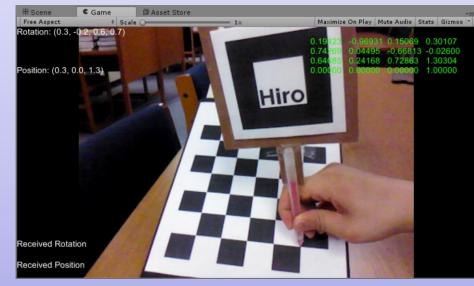
HoloLens was used to detect the surrounding environment through its spatial mapping ability, which could be implemented to generate virtual surface mesh on the real-world surfaces



This is achieved by 4 environmental understanding cameras that are on the HoloLens, where each of the camera has a 512x424 time-of-flight image sensor with multi-frequency photo-demodulation.

Needle tip position estimation

The needle tip position is estimated through the pivot calibration, as shown in Figure 2.



A program was developed in Unity. It runs in real-time to save all the transformation matrices from marker to camera in a text file. As shown in figure 4, the green 4x4 matrix on the upper right corner indicates the current transformation matrix from marker to the camera.

Figure 2: Pivot Calibration using tool tracking

Virtual needle augmented visualization

Virtual Surgical Tool that Aligns the Physical tool



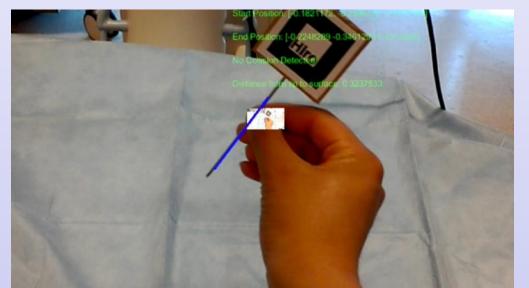


Figure 4: Virtual line augmentation
 Entry Point Position Estimator & Insertion Effects

Figure 3: Spatial mapping

Outcomes and Results

- Accuracy Analysis of Tool Augmentation
- X-direction: 5.268 mm
- Y-direction: 7.843 mm
- Z-direction: 6.766 mm
- Error is larger than 2mm, which is required typically for orthopedic surgeries
- Most of the error comes out from the tracking system

User Survey of Visualization Cues

Rendering Method	Details	Scores			
		Distinguish Entry Point	Distinguish above part	Distinguish occluded part	Depth Perception
Color only	Same Color	5.21	4.73	4.20	4.20
	Two Colors	7.00	7.13	7.13	6.47
Color + Entry Point	Same Color + Entry Point	8.28	7.27	7.13	6.13
	Two Colors + Entry Point	8.57	8.33	8.33	7.93
Above + widths	Thinner occluded part	8.79	8.73	8.73	7.93
Above + gradient colors	Light to Dark	8.92	8.92	8.92	8.23
	Dark to Light	9.08	8.83	8.83	8.83
	Mixed Color Gradient	8.92	8.69	8.84	8.23

 Table 1: Average scores of each perception cue

- Scores range from 0 to 10, with 10 indicating great perceptions
- Highest scores are marked as red

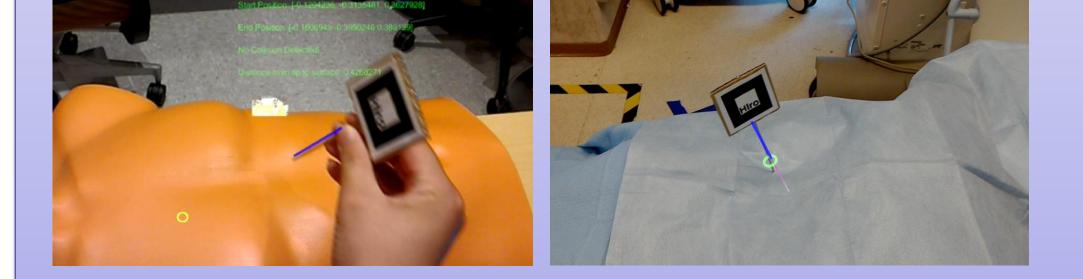


Figure 5: Entry point position estimator & Figure 6: Different effects indicating the insertion part of the surgical tool

Future Work

 Implement HoloLens's spectator view ability. A HoloLens and the DSLR camera could be mounted to the mobile C-arm at the position near the gantry

Credits

 Zhuokai Zhao is responsible for all the work presented in this poster. Special thanks to CAMP members' support and CIS II course staff (Dr. Taylor, Alexis)

Publications

- 1. F. Sauer, Ali Khamene, B. Bascle, G. J. Rubino, A Head-Mounted Display System for Augmented Reality Image Guidance: Towards Clinical Evaluation for iMRI-guided Neurosurgery, Proceedings of the 4th International Conference on Medical Image Computing and Computer-Assisted Intervention, p.707-716, October 14-17, 2001
- Joerg Traub, Philipp Stefan, Sandro Michael Heining, Tobias Sielhorst, Christian Riquarts, Ekkehard Euler, Nassir Navab, Hybrid navigation interface for orthopedic and trauma surgery, Proceedings of the 9th international conference on Medical Image Computing and Computer-Assisted Intervention, October 01-06, 2006, Copenhagen, Denmark [doi>10.1007/11866565_46]