

Visual Feedback for skill acquisition in Cataract Surgery

Computer Integrated Surgery II

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Introduction

- Capsulorhexis is a part of the cataract surgery procedure. The technique does not require special skill, but occasionally, run away tears occur which require high skill to fix.
- We aim to use visual feedback to facilitate skill development among novice surgeons for capsulorhexis procedure.
- We visually overlay force data on the tool motion video.



Figure showing overlayed force vectors. The length of the vector is proportional to the magnitude of the force applied.

The Problem

- Currently, feedback to support technical skill acquisition among trainees in ophthalmology is through qualitative verbal instruction and demonstration.
- Most of the simulations used are either software or do not provide proper visual cues to evaluate the procedure.
- Directed feedback can facilitate deliberate practice and effective skill acquisition.

The Solution

- We propose using visual overlays for assisting surgeons to perform and evaluate tasks.
- We perform the procedure on a phantom using the Da Vinci Research Kit and record tool motion data and force sensor data.
- We overlay the force sensor data with the tool video to provide visual cues to the person operating on the phantom.
- The phantom used was : wax paper attached with Velcro. This was opted after considering several factors namely, repeatability, sensitivity to force sensor

Outcomes and Results

- Developed phantom to simulate capsulorhexis task.
- Overlayed force sensor data in the tool video to provide visual cues to the surgeon.
- Developed code and setup to collect tool motion data and force sensor data.

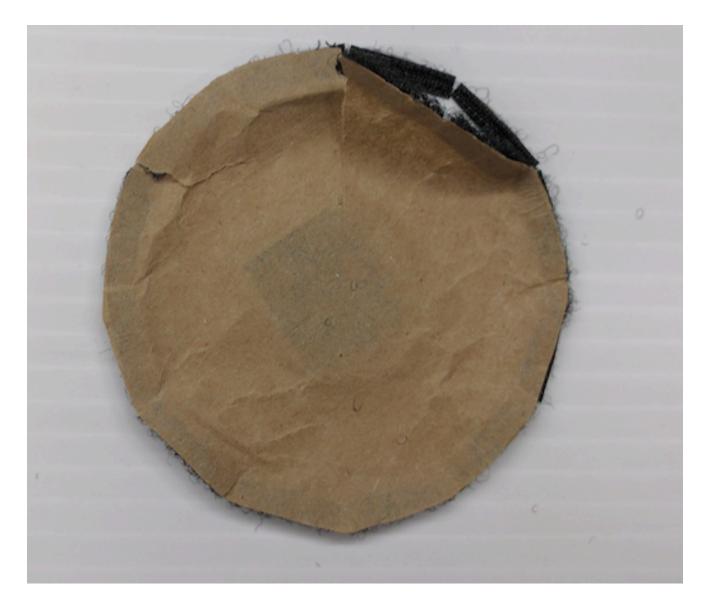
Future Work

- Collect tool motion data and force sensor data for many procedures.
- Estimate forces during any point of the procedure and overlay this force to guide the novice surgeon to perform the task.
- Compare tool force data between experts and novices.

Lessons Learned

- Any mechanical system developed has to be repeatable and realistic with good results.
- Synchronization of sensor data is vital during data collection.

readings, realisticness towards the operation.



Chosen Phantom made using velcro and wax paper

References

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- Gauba V, Saleh GM, Goel S. Ophthalmic plastic surgical skills assessment tool. Ophthal Plast Reconstr Surg. 2008;24(1):43-46.

Support by and Acknowledgements

- Cis II Mentors Swaroop Vedulla and Austin Reiter.
- I extend my thanks to Preetham for helping me out with the force sensor.
- I extend my thanks to Dr. Shameema Sikder for letting me use the rexis simulator and for providing valuable feedback.

