AUGMENTED REALITY AIDED CRANIOFACIAL SURGERY

CIS2 PROJECT PROPOSAL

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Mentors: Dr. Peter Kazanzides, Ehsan Azimi, Dr. Cecil Qiu, Dr. Shashank Reddy

Background



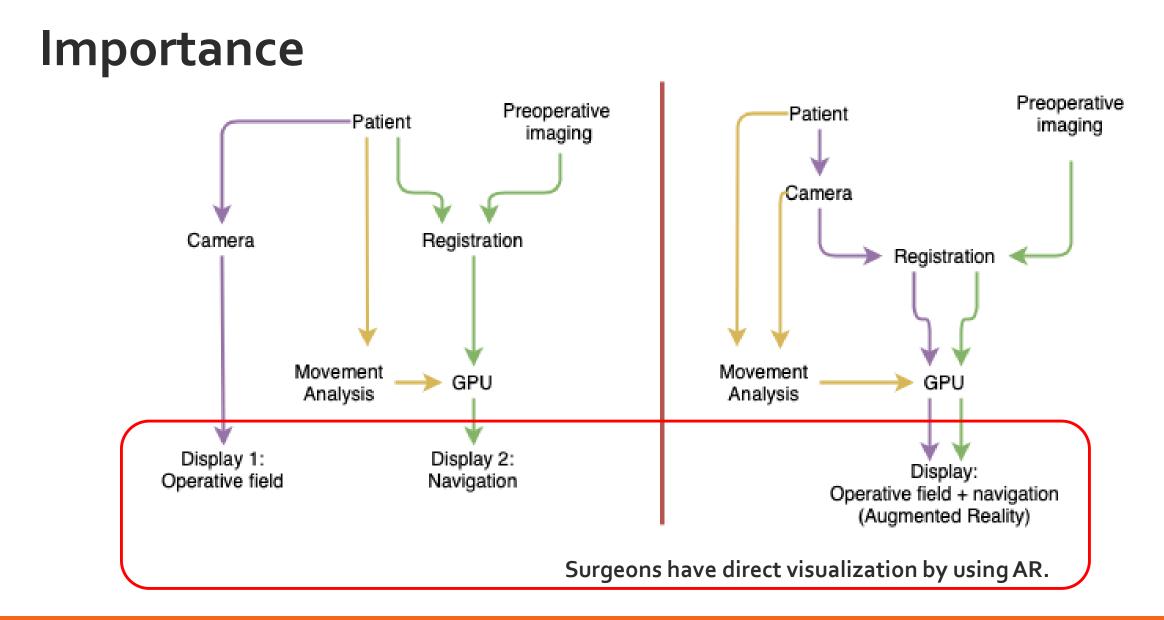
Orbital Floor Fracture:

- Due to pressure on the eye from blunt trauma, the medial wall and orbital floor can fracture.
- Fracture repair requires manipulation of delicate and complex structures in a tight, compact space.
- Surgeons struggle with visibility in the confined region.

Reconstruction:

- A concave plate is placed along the wall of the eye socket to prevent tissue from entering fracture cavity.
- Hard to place.
 - Low visibility
- Misplacement can result in injury to sensitive tissue.
- Long operating time.





Flow chart from: R. Hussain, A. Lalande, C. Guigou and A. Bozorg Grayeli. (2019) Contribution of Augmented Reality to Minimally Invasive Computer-Assisted Cranial Base Surgery, *IEEE Journal of Biomedical and Health Informatics*.

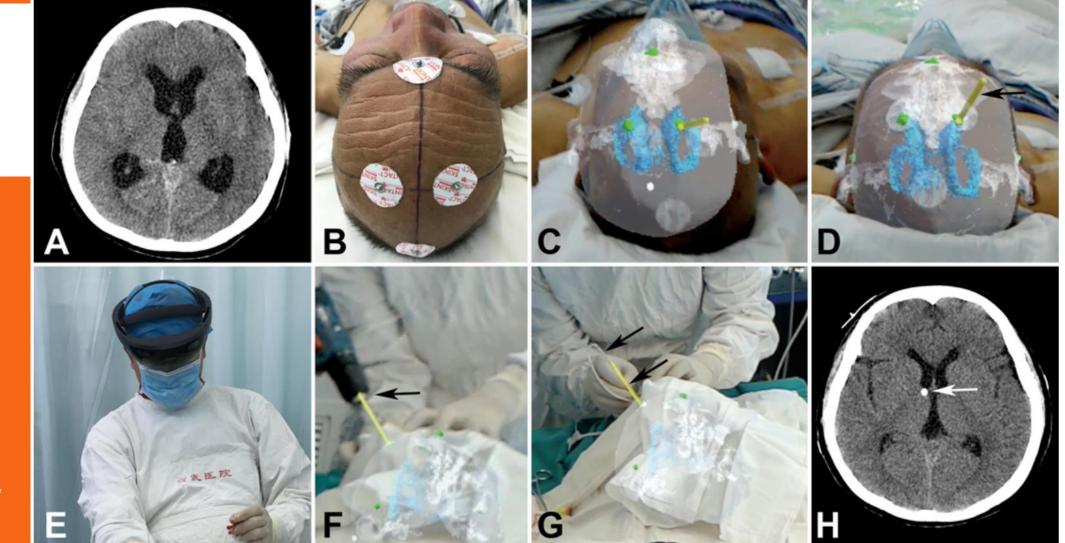
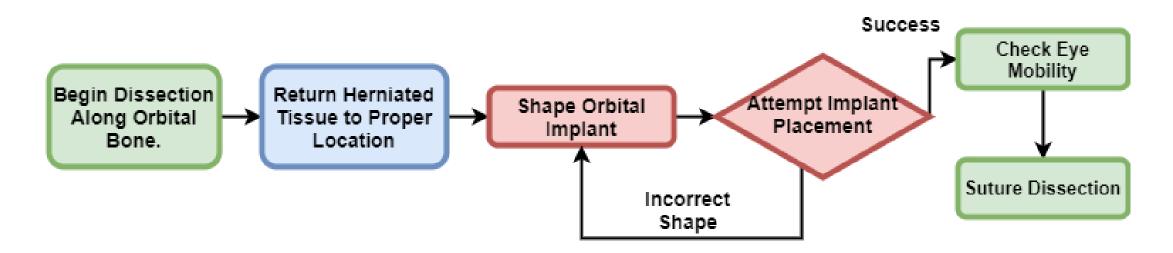


FIG. 2. Hologram-guided operation procedures. A: Preoperative CT image of a patient. B: Electrocorticography gel electrodes attached to the head of the patient as registration markers. C and D: Before (C) and after (D) manual rigid coregistration between the holograms and the patient's head. Arrow denotes hologram of the insertion trajectory. E: The neurosurgeon wore the headset during the whole procedure. F: A burr hole was performed guided by the holographic orientation of the trajectory (arrow). G: The stylet-loaded catheter (upper arrow) insertion was intuitively guided by keeping it aligned with the holographic trajectory (lower arrow). H: Postoperative CT scan verified the accuracy of EVD placement. Arrow denotes the tip of the catheter. Figure is available in color online only.

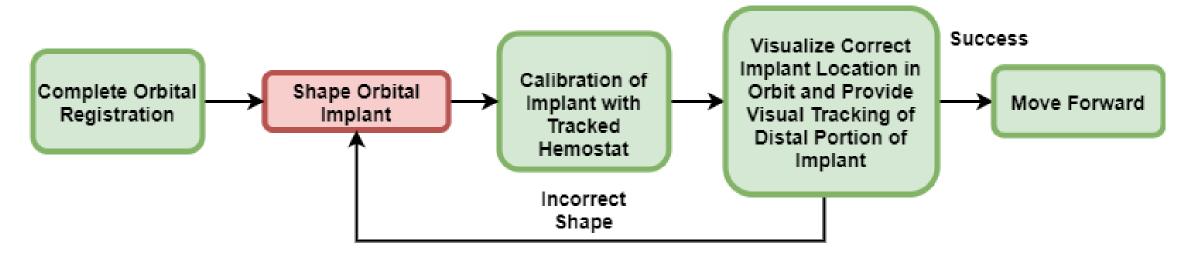
Li, Y., Chen, X., Wang, N., Zhang, W., Li, D., Zhang, L., Qu, X., Cheng, W., Xu, Y., Chen, W., and Yang, Q. (2018). A wearable mixedreality holographic computer for guiding external ventricular drain insertion at the bedside, Journal of Neurosurgery JNS, 131(5), 1599-1606.

Current Intraoperative Surgical Workflow



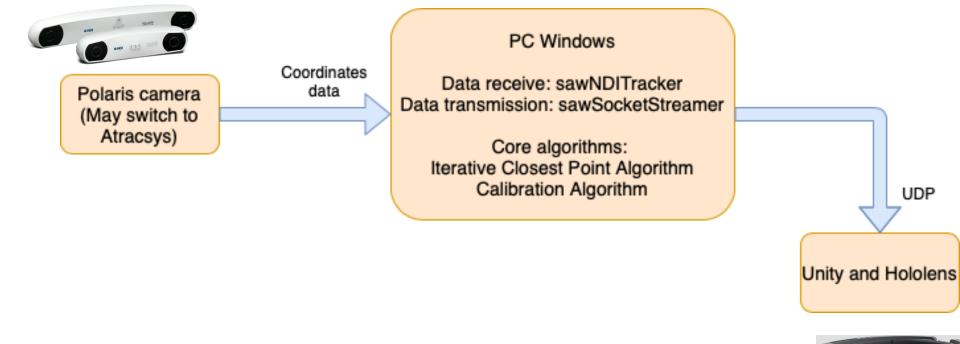
Length of Time for Completion Gradient: GREEN ~ Standard BLUE ~ Slow Step RED ~ Time Limiting Step

Simplifying Implant Placement



Length of Time for Completion Gradient: GREEN ~ Standard BLUE ~ Slow Step RED ~ Time Limiting Step

Preliminary System Components Diagram





Polaris image and product info: https://www.ndigital.com/medical/products/ Hololens image and product info: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/hololens/hololens1-hardware

Deliverables

The following deliverables are all expected before the end of the semester (final presentation).

Point/surface registration method for orbital socket

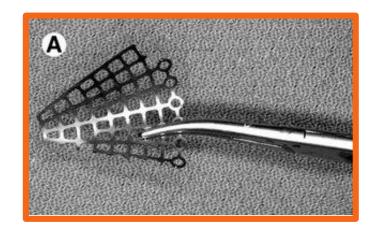
- Min: Target registration error (TRE) <4mm
- Expected: TRE <3mm
- Max: TRE <2mm

Calibration of implant with respect to tracked hemostat

- Min: Pivot Calibration of the distal edge of the implant (only model the distal edge)
- Expected: Use calibrated pointer to model the implant distal edge
- Max: Use calibrated pointer to model the entire implant

Visualize position of tracked implant respect to CT

- Min: Visualization on 3D slicer (Open IGT link on client to update model)
- Expected: Visualization in AR system (Hololens)
- Max: A comparison between 3D slicer implementation and Hololens implementation





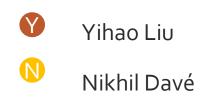
Pictures Courtesy of : Dr. Peter Kazanzides

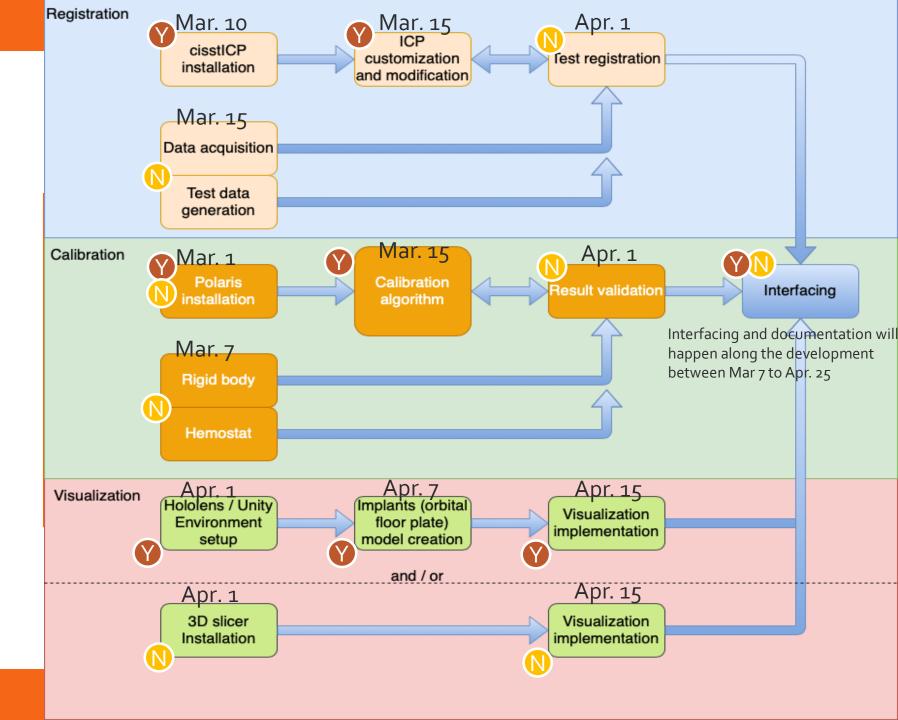
[1] Kazanzides, P. (2020). Navigation for Orbital Floor Fracture Repair. [PowerPoint Slides]

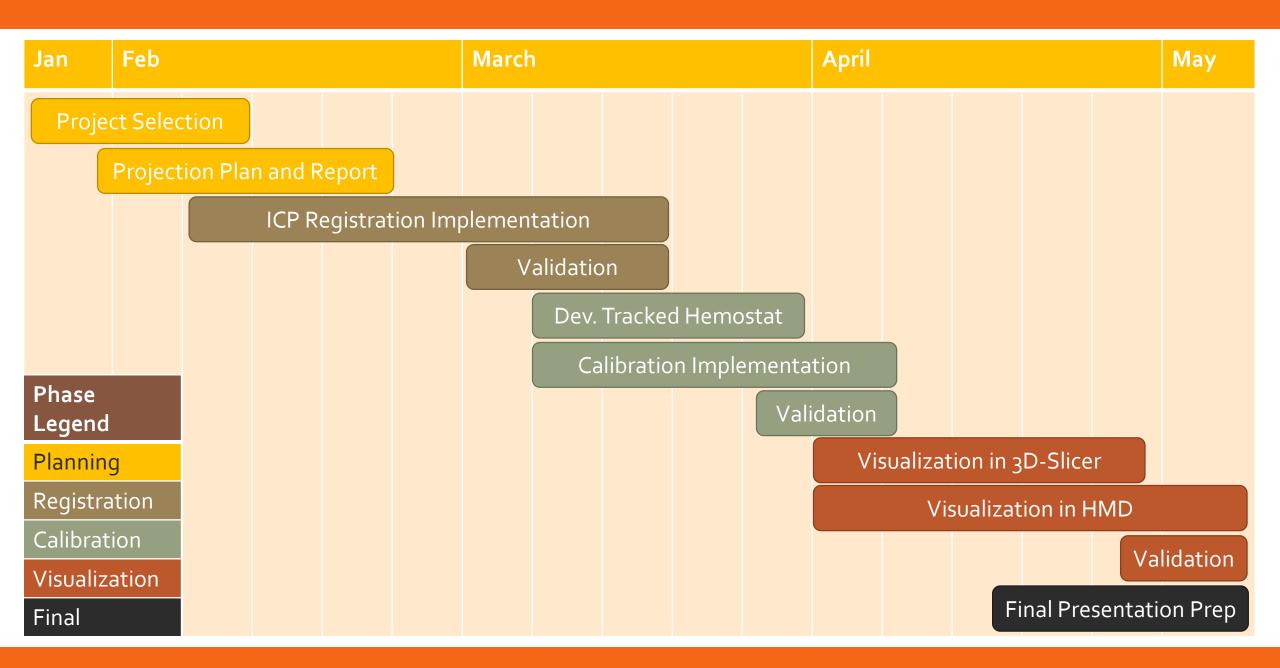
Dependencies	Solution	Alternatives	Status or expected resolve date
Computer with Linux	Use personal computers	Use LCSR cab computer	Resolved
Computer with Windows PC1	Use personal desktop	Seek for borrowing a laptop	Resolved
Computer with Windows PC2 (HMD development)	Use personal computers	Request lab computer	Resolved
Data Back-ups	Use Microsoft OneDrive	Use personal hardrive	Resolved
Learn Workflow from Surgeons	Shadow surgery in OR	Meet with surgeons	Resolved
STL Files for Implants	Coordinate with clinical partners	Find potential online source	Resolved
CT Scans of Skulls for Corresponding STL Files	Coordinate with clinical partners	Obtain other model from Dr. Kazanzides	3/15/20
Polaris Camera	Coordinate with Anton	Coordinate with Dr. Kazanzides	Resolved
Learn CISST Library ICP	Refer to online material	Work with Anton	3/15/20
Passive Rigid Body Pointer	Coordinate with Ehsan & Dr. Kazanzides	Make a rigid body pointer and calibrate it	3/7/20
Installation of SAWSocketStreamer	Discuss with Anton	Discuss with Long	Resolved

Dependencies	Solution	Alternatives	Status
Learning Python Wrapper Check ICP	Refer to Online Material	Seek mentorship from Anton and Ehsan	3/1/20
Hemostat (or clamp)	Coordinate with Dr. Kazanzides and Ehsan	Seek from Clinical Mentors	Resolved
Attachable Rigid Body for Polaris and Hemostat	Seek from Ehsan or Dr. Kazanzides	Coordinate with LCSR, Potentially make our own.	3/15/20
HoloLens	Coordinate with Ehsan	Coordinate with Dr. Kazanzides	4/1/20
Unity Installation and Hololens Set-up	Utilization of Online Resources	Help from Ehsan	4/1/20
3D-Slicer Installation and Set-up	Utilization of Online Resources	Coordinate with Dr. Kazanzides and Ehsan	4/1/20

Management Plan – Development Flow Chart







Meeting Management

- Biweekly mentor meeting (Friday 3 pm.)
 - Weekly progress report
- Scheduled surgeon meetings
- Scheduled technician engineer meetings
- Daily sprint group meeting (3 or 4 meetings / week)
 - M: 12.00-15.00
 - TTh: 18.00-21.00
 - F: 15.00 18.00
- Weekend technical meeting
 - Saturday 15.30 19.30

Reading List

Hussain, R., Lalande, A., Guigou, C., and Bozorg Grayeli, A. (2019). Contribution of Augmented Reality to Minimally Invasive Computer-Assisted Cranial Base Surgery, *IEEE Journal of Biomedical and Health Informatics*.

Gsaxner C., Pepe, A., Wallner, J., Schmalstieg, D., and Egger, J. (2019). Markerless Image-to-Face Registration for Untethered Augmented Reality in Head and Neck Surgery, MICCAI 2019.

Li, Y., Chen, X., Wang, N., Zhang, W., Li, D., Zhang, L., Qu, X., Cheng, W., Xu, Y., Chen, W., and Yang, Q. (2018). A wearable mixed-reality holographic computer for guiding external ventricular drain insertion at the bedside, Journal of Neurosurgery JNS, 131(5), 1599-1606.

Chen, X., Xu, L., Wang, Y., Wang, H., Wang, F., Zeng, X., Wang, Q., and Egger, J. (2015). Development of a surgical navigation system based on augmented reality using an optical see-through head-mounted display, Journal of Biomedical Informatics, Volume 55, 2015, Pages 124-131

Bong, J. H., Song, H. J., Oh, Y., Park, N., Kim, H., and Park, S. (2018). Endoscopic navigation system with extended field of view using augmented reality technology, Int. J. Med. Robot., vol. 14, no. 2, pp. e1886

Inoue, D., Cho, B., Mori, M., Kikkawa, Y., Amano, T., Nakamizo, A., Yoshimoto, K., Mizoguchi, M., Tomikawa, M., Hong, J., and Hashizume, M. (2013). Preliminary study on the clinical application of augmented reality neuronavigation, J. Neurol. Surg. Part A, vol. 74, no. 02, pp. 71-76

Lapeer, R. J., Jeffrey, S. J., Dao, J. T., García, G. G., Chen, M., Shickell, S. M., Rowland, R. S., and Philpott, C. M. (2014). Using a passive coordinate measurement arm for motion tracking of a rigid endoscope for augmented-reality image-guided surgery, Int. J. Med. Robot., vol. 10, no. 1, pp. 65-77